

MINIMUM:
smallest #
in a set
of data.

"lower
quartile"
Q1

• Median
of the 1st
half of
the data.

• $\frac{1}{4}$ data
is below
Q1.

• $\frac{3}{4}$ data
is above
Q1.

Median:
Q2

Median
of the
entire
set of
data.

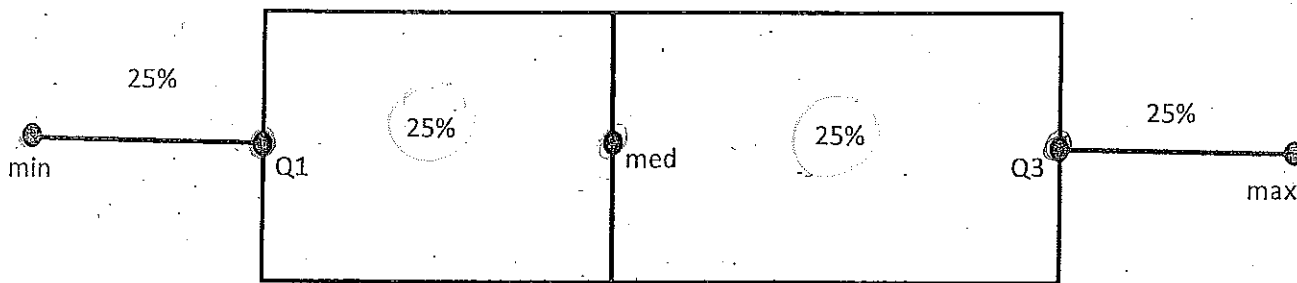
"upper
quartile"
Q3

• Median
of the
2nd half
of the data.

• $\frac{3}{4}$ data
is below
Q3.

• $\frac{1}{4}$ data
is above
Q3.

MAXIMUM:
largest
in a
set of
data.



INTERQUARTILES

Interquartile Range: A measure of variation in a set of numerical data; the interquartile range is the distance between the first and third quartiles of the data set. (IQR)

BOX PLOTS

Box Plot (box-and-whisker-plot): A method of visually displaying a distribution of data values by using the median, quartiles, and extremes of the data set. A box shows the middle 50% of the data.

maximum

Third quartile

median

First quartile

minimum